

16. Using Lagrange's interpolation formula obtain the polynomial from the following data :

$x$	:	0	1	3	4
$y$	:	-12	2	6	12

Hence determine  $y$  when  $x = 2$  and  $x = 5$ .

(12 marks)

Module IV

17. From the following data find  $dy/dx$  and  $d^2y/dx^2$  at  $x = 1.5$ .

$x$	:	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4
$y$	:	43.1	47.7	52.1	56.4	60.8

(12 marks)

Or

18. Determine the value of  $\int_0^1 e^{-x^2} dx$  correct to four places of decimals using Simpson's rule with  $h = 0.1$ .

(12 marks)

Module V

19. Using the inversion integral method find the inverse  $z$  transform of :

$$\frac{z(2z-1)}{2(z-1)\left(z+\frac{1}{2}\right)}$$

(12 marks)

Or

20. Using  $z$ -transform solve  $u_{n+2} - 2u_{n+1} + u_n = 3_{n+5}$ .

(12 marks)

[5 × 12 = 60 marks]